

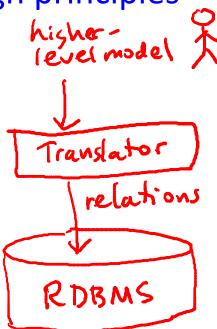
## **UML**

# UML Data Modeling

#### **Data Modeling**

#### How to represent data for application

- Relational model with design principles
- XML
- Database design model
  - Not implemented by system
  - -Translated into model of DBMS



#### **Higher-Level Database Design Models**

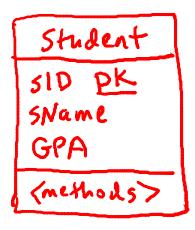
- **■**Entity-Relationship Model (E/R)
- Unified Modeling Language (UML)
  Data modeling subset
  - Both are graphical
  - Both can be translated to relations automatically
     Or semi-automatically

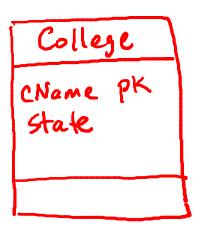
- (1) Classes
- (2) Associations
- (3) Association Classes
- (4) Subclasses
- (5) Composition & Aggregation

#### UML Data Modeling: Classes

Name, attributes, methods

For data modeling: add "pk", drop methods

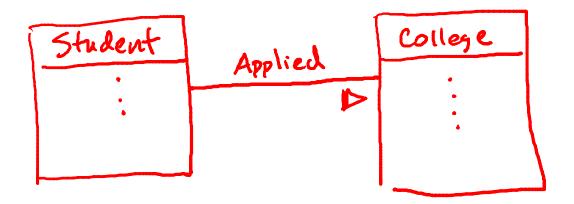




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#### **UML Data Modeling: Associations**

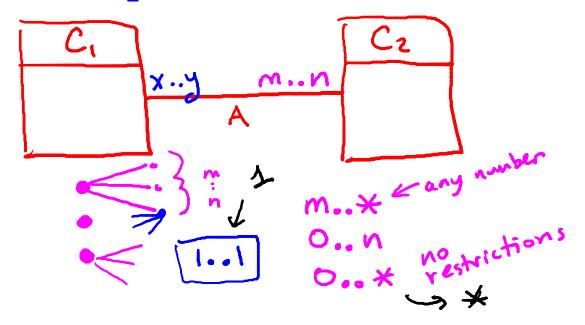
Relationships between objects of two classes



### **Multiplicity of Associations**

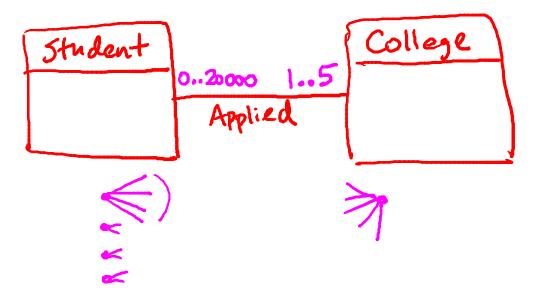
Relationships between objects of two classes

Each object of class  $C_1$  is related to at least m and at most n objects of class  $C_2$ 



#### **Multiplicity of Associations: Example**

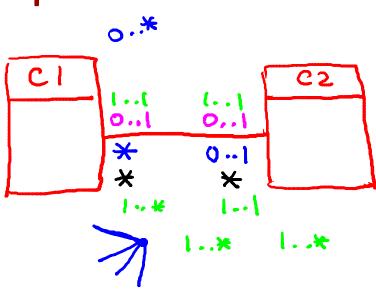
Students <u>must apply som</u>ewhere and may not apply to more than <u>5</u> colleges. No college takes more than <u>20,000</u> applications.



## Multiplicity of Associations: Types of Relationships

- One-to-One
- Many-to-One
- Many-to-Many
- Complete

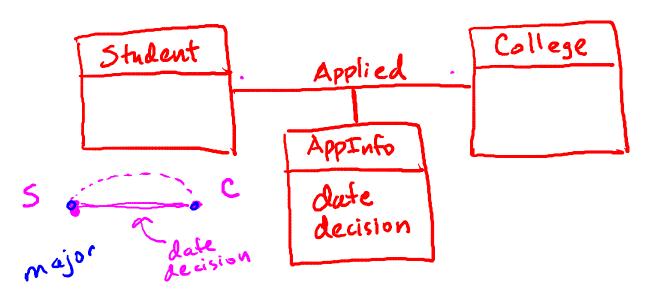




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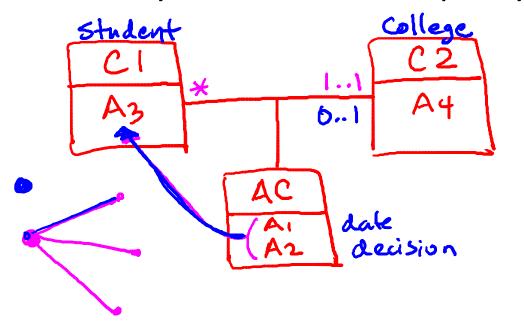
## UML Data Modeling: Association Classes

Relationships between objects of two classes, with attributes on relationships



#### **Eliminating Association Classes**

Unnecessary if 0..1 or 1..1 multiplicity

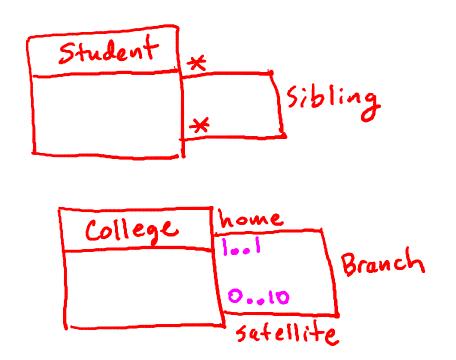


#### **Self-Associations**

Associations between a class and itself

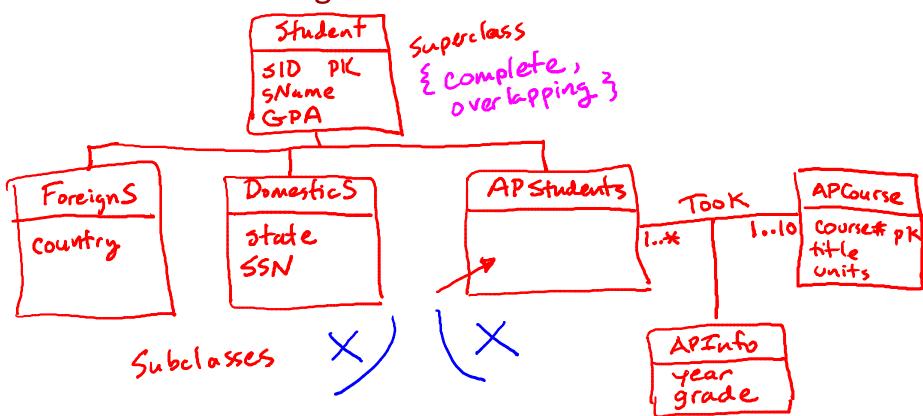
#### **Self-Associations**

Associations between a class and itself



- ✓(1) Classes
- √2) Associations
- (3) Association Classes
  - (4) Subclasses
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#### **UML Data Modeling: Subclasses**



## **Subclass Terminology & Properties**

- Superclass = Generalization
- Incomplete (Partial) vs. Complete

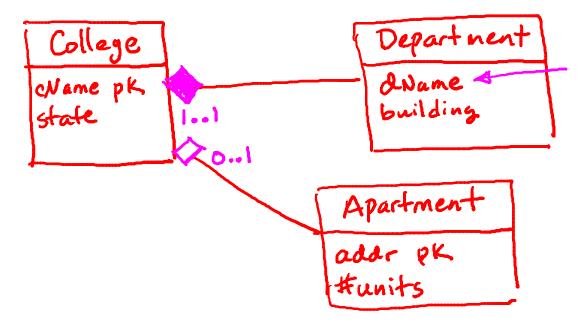
  Disjoint (Fuel ...)
- Disjoint (Exclusive) vs. Overlapping

- (1) Classes
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#### UML Data Modeling:

#### **Composition & Aggregation**

Objects of one class belong to objects of another class



#### **Higher-Level Database Design**

- Unified Modeling Language (UML)
   Data modeling subset
- Graphical
- 5 concepts
  - (1) Classes
  - (2) Associations
  - (3) Association Classes
  - (4) Subclasses
  - (5) Composition & Aggregation
- Can be translated to relations automatically